## Suggested Solution to Project 4

## Models of the Spread of the Disease Among Rabbits in

 Meckenburg-West Pomeraniaa) The linear model.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\boldsymbol{d} \boldsymbol{P}}{\boldsymbol{d} t}=30.2, \\
& P=30.2 t+C \\
& \text { Use } P(0)=95 \Rightarrow C=95 \\
& P(t)=30.2 t+95 .
\end{aligned}
$$

The predicted number of cases of the disease by 12 June, $2003(t=87)$ is $P(87)=$ 2722.
b) The exponential model

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{P} \frac{d P}{d t}=0.12, \\
& \ln |\boldsymbol{P}|=0.12 \boldsymbol{t}+\boldsymbol{C} \\
& \boldsymbol{P}(\boldsymbol{t})=\boldsymbol{A} \boldsymbol{e}^{0.12 t}, \quad \boldsymbol{A}=\boldsymbol{e}^{c} \\
& \text { Use } \boldsymbol{P}(0)=95 \Rightarrow \boldsymbol{A}=95 \\
& P(t)=95 e^{0.12 t} .
\end{aligned}
$$

The predicted number of cases of the disease by 12 June, $2003(t=87)$ is $P(87)=$ 3,249,000.
c) The logistic model

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{P} \frac{d P}{d t}=0.19-0.0002 P=0.0002(950-P) \\
& \frac{d P}{P(950-P)}=0.0002 d t \\
& \frac{1}{P}+\frac{1}{950-P}=\frac{950}{P(950-P)}
\end{aligned}
$$

Using partial fraction decomposition on the left-hand side and multiplying both sides by 950 , we get

$$
\left[\frac{1}{P}+\frac{1}{950-P}\right] \frac{d P}{d t}=0.19
$$

$\ln |P|-\ln |950-P|=0.19 t+C$
$\ln \left|\frac{P}{950-P}\right|=0.19 t+C$
$\ln \frac{950-P}{P}=-0.19 t-C$
$\frac{950-P}{P}=e^{-0.19 t-C}$
$\frac{950}{P}-1=A e^{-0.19 t}, \quad A=e^{-C}$
$P=\frac{950}{1+A e^{-0.19 t}}$ is the general solution.
Using $P(0)=95$, we find $A: \quad 95=\frac{950}{1+A} \Rightarrow A=9$
From here $P=\frac{950}{1+9 e^{-0.19 t}}$.
The predicted number of cases of the disease by 12 June, $2003(t=87)$ is $P(87)=950$.
2. a)

151/5 t+95

b)


c)

3. From the graphs we can read the predicted number of cases of the disease by June 30, $2003(\mathrm{t}=105)$ for each model:
a) 3300
b) 28 million (see the second graph for the model)
c) 950 .
4. a) People who created the models might have access to different data (e.g. from newspapers, local government offices, ecological organizations, etc.)
b) Since the disease was unknown they could take different views on it pessimistic and optimistic.

